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A Birding Trip Report

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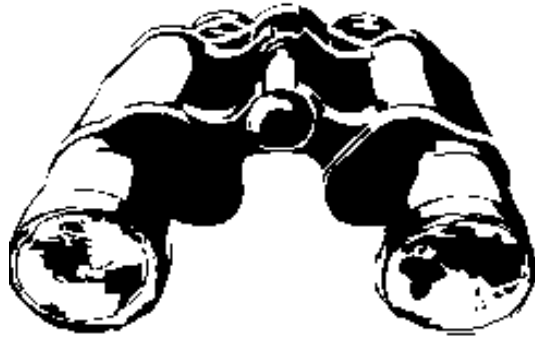
Jamaica

January 23-26, 2001

Written by Mark Elwonger

Last Day by Sherri Labar

Published by Mark Elwonger for Ornifolks



***ORNIFOLKS*—Safer and easier than doing it alone.
Less expensive than a professional tour.**

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Mike Flieg 6803 Nashville St Louis MO 63139 Home (314) 645-3356 Fax (314) 645-3366 e-mail GMFlieg@aol.com	Mark Elwonger 405 W Brazos Victoria TX 77901 Home (361) 573-5666 Office (361) 548-5135 e-mail greenowl@vicec.org
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Guy Kirwan

74 Waddington Street
 Norwich Norfolk NR2 4JS
 UK
 (011) 44 (1603) 219701
 gmkirwan@aol.com

Acknowledgements

- **Sherri Labar** carried a small directional microphone and tape player, which helped us locate and attract birds on several occasions. She also packed a scope.
- **Mark Elwonger** and **Jerry Ziarno** shared the driving duties.

Participants:
 Joyce Payeur, Sherri Labar, Guy Kirwan (Leader) Mark Elwonger, Jerry Ziarno, Ray Ziarno.

Policy Regarding Trip Leaders

The goal of our organization is to enable birders to visit difficult areas at less expense than with a professional group. If any Ornifolks member can set up trips for a fraction of the cost of a professional tour, find other members willing to participate, and go for less or at no cost, we see no ethical problem. Many participants don't have the time, expertise, or inclination to do the necessary research or make the preparations, but instead are willing to assist the leaders by defraying their expenses, and few potential organizers will step forward to lead a trip for nothing.

For updates on trips, dates, and new trip reports, check the **Ornifolks** website at <http://Ornifolks.org>

Besides serving as a bulletin board and providing its members with safe and economical ways to visit foreign birding destinations, **Ornifolks** offers members:

- ◆ Custom international birding
- ◆ a library of trip reports
- ◆ contacts with ground agents and local guides

	1/23/2001	1/24/2001	1/25/2001	1/26/2001	
PARULIDAE					
Northern Parula	1		10		<i>Parula americana</i>
Magnolia Warbler	1				<i>Dendroica magnolia</i>
Black-throated Blue Warbler	5	2	u	x	<i>Dendroica caerulescens</i>
Black-throated Green Warbler	1	3	3	1	<i>Dendroica virens</i>
Prairie Warbler	1	1	10		<i>Dendroica discolor</i>
Palm Warbler	1		2		<i>Dendroica palmarum</i>
Arrowhead Warbler	4	u	1		<i>Dendroica pharetra</i>
Black-and-white Warbler	1		7		<i>Mniotilta varia</i>
American Redstart	5	5	10	1	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>
Worm-eating Warbler			1		<i>Helmitheros vermivorus</i>
Swainson's Warbler	Lh				<i>Limnothlypis swainsonii</i>
Ovenbird		2	2	1	<i>Seiurus aurocapillus</i>
Common Yellowthroat	2	2	fc		<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>
COEREBIDAE					
Bananaquit	fc	fc	fc	x	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
THRAUPIDAE					
Jamaican Spindalis	10		fc		<i>Spindalis nigricephala</i>
Jamaican Euphonia		10	1 RRZ	u	<i>Euphonia jamaica</i>
EMBERIZIDAE					
Yellow-faced Grassquit	u		u	x	<i>Tiaris olivacea</i>
Black-faced Grassquit	2	u	u		<i>Tiaris bicolor</i>
Yellow-shouldered Grassquit			5	3	<i>Loxipasser anoxanthus</i>
Greater Antillean Bullfinch	1	fc	fc		<i>Loxigilla violacea</i>
Orangequit	2	fc	c	c	<i>Euneornis campestris</i>
Saffron Finch			5		<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
Greater Antillean Grackle	fc	6	c		<i>Quiscalus niger</i>
Jamaican Oriole	2	4	8		<i>Icterus leucopteryx</i>
ESTRILDIDAE					
Scaly-breasted Munia	x				<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>

	1/23/2001	1/24/2001	1/25/2001	1/26/2001	
Tyrant Flycatchers and Allies					TYRANNIDAE
Jamaican Elaenia			2	1	<i>Myiopagis cotta</i>
Jamaican Pewee	2				<i>Contopus pallidus</i>
Sad Flycatcher	4	1	fc	x	<i>Myiarchus barbirostris</i>
Rufous-tailed Flycatcher	1	2	1		<i>Myiarchus validus</i>
Loggerhead Kingbird	u	u	fc	5	<i>Tyrannus caudifasciatus</i>
					INCERTAE SEDIS
Jamaican Becard			3		<i>Pachyramphus niger</i>
Vireos					VIREONIDAE
Jamaican Vireo	4	u	u		<i>Vireo modestus</i>
Blue Mountain Vireo	2	u			<i>Vireo osburni</i>
Crows and Allies					CORVIDAE
Jamaican Crow				2	<i>Corvus jamaicensis</i>
Swallows and Allies					HIRUNDINIDAE
Tree Swallow			100		<i>Tachycineta bicolor</i>
Northern Rough-winged Swallow			5		<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>
Cinnamon-throated Swallow			c		<i>Petrochelidon fulva</i>
					TURDIDAE
Rufous-throated Solitaire	2+h	h	h		<i>Myadestes genibarbis</i>
White-eyed Thrush	3		3		<i>Turdus jamaicensis</i>
White-chinned Thrush	16	fc	fc	h	<i>Turdus aurantius</i>
					MIMIDAE
Northern Mockingbird			10	1	<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>
Starlings and Allies					STURNIDAE
Common Starling		3	15	5	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>

The Itinerary

23 Jan..... Bath, Hardwar Gap

24 Jan..... Hardwar Gap

25 Jan..... Hardwar Gap to Marshall's Pen

26 Jan..... Marshall's Pen to Montego Bay via Ulster Springs

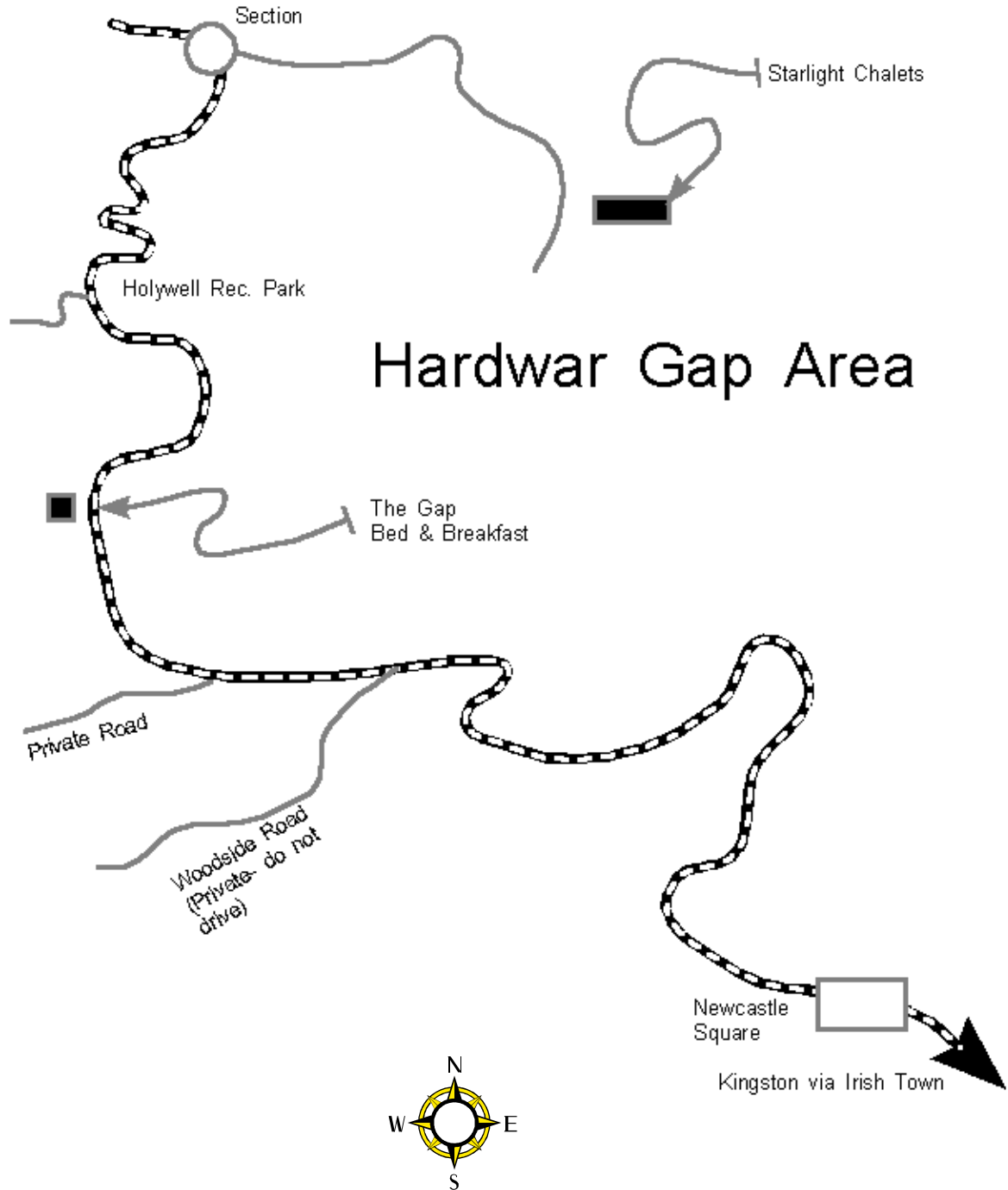
27 Jan..... Rockland's Feeding Station

Trip Diary

January 22. Mark arrived in Kingston 5 hours behind schedule, roughly 12 hours after one of the engines failed to start on the twin-prop in Victoria, Texas. He was still able to meet Joyce, Sherri, Guy, Ray and Jerry, who had also arrived late from Havana (by way of Montego Bay), and had arranged for a fairly new 8-passenger diesel van. We drove east and arrived in time to check into the Morant Bay Villas and a seafood/ Chinese dinner.

January 23. Continuing east, then turning north into the Blue Mountains, we reached the Bath Springs Hotel and were greeted by a Rufous-tailed Flycatcher and several Black-billed Streamertails two steps from the van, in the parking lot of the hotel. Other interesting birds on the hotel grounds included Jamaican Spindalis, Orangequit, and Jamaican Oriole. Scaly-breasted Munia (Nutmeg Mannikin) could represent a range extension.

After a leisurely breakfast at the hotel, we returned to Kingston, bought groceries, and turned north into the Blue Mountains by way of Irish Town. We arrived at Hardwar Gap early in the afternoon. Red-billed Streamertails were located with little effort at the tea house, and the roadside forest to the north provided views of Chestnut-bellied Cuckoo, Jamaican Pewee, Rufous-throated Solitaire, Arrowhead Warbler, and both Blue Mountain and Jamaican Vireo.



	1/23/2001	1/24/2001	1/25/2001	1/26/2001	
Parrots					PSITTACIDAE
Olive-throated Parakeet			u	2	<i>Aratinga nana</i>
Green-rumped Parrotlet				10	<i>Forpus passerinus</i>
Yellow-billed Parrot				40	<i>Amazona collaria</i>
Black-billed Parrot				10	<i>Amazona agilis</i>
Old World Cuckoos					CUCULIDAE
Jamaican Lizard-Cuckoo		2	4		<i>Saurothera vetula</i>
Chestnut-bellied Cuckoo	1		4		<i>Hyetornis pluvialis</i>
Smooth-billed Ani			fc		<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
Typical Owls					STRIGIDAE
Jamaican Owl		1s+1h			<i>Pseudoscops grammicus</i>
Potoos					NYCTIBIIDAE
Northern Potoo		1s+1h			<i>Nyctibius jamaicensis</i>
Typical Swifts					APODIDAE
White-collared Swift	4	7			<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
Antillean Palm-Swift	u		fc	x	<i>Tachornis phoenicobia</i>
Hummingbirds					TROCHILIDAE
Jamaican Mango			5		<i>Anthracothorax mango</i>
-Red-billed Streamertail	20	fc	fc	x	<i>Trochilus polytmus polytmus</i>
Black-billed Streamertail	u				<i>Trochilus scitulus</i>
Vervain Hummingbird	6	u	u		<i>Mellisuga minima</i>
Todies					TODIDAE
Jamaican Tody	u	u	4		<i>Todus todus</i>
Alcedinid Kingfishers					ALCEDINIDAE
Belted Kingfisher			5		<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>
Woodpeckers					PICIDAE
Jamaican Woodpecker		5	fc	3	<i>Melanerpes radiolatus</i>
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker		2	1		<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>

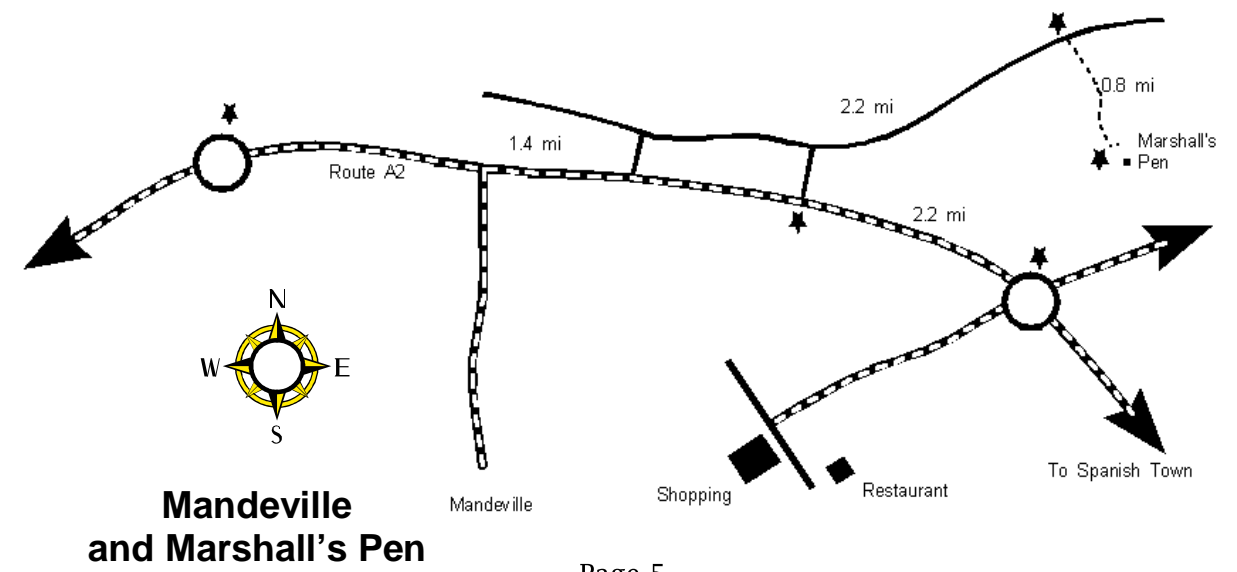
Rails					RALLIDAE				
Sora			1						<i>Porzana carolina</i>
Purple Gallinule			10						<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>
Common Moorhen			fc						<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
American Coot			c						<i>Fulica americana</i>
Caribbean Coot			10						<i>Fulica caribaea</i>
Plovers and Allies					CHARADRIIDAE				
Gray Plover			10						<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>
Semipalmated Plover			3						<i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i>
Killdeer			fc						<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>
					RECURVIROSTRIDAE				
Black-necked Stilt		12	c						<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>
Jacanas					JACANIDAE				
Northern Jacana			12						<i>Jacana spinosa</i>
Snipe and Allies					SCOLOPACIDAE				
Greater Yellowlegs	sp		fc						<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>
Lesser Yellowlegs		1	fc						<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
Spotted Sandpiper			1						<i>Tringa macularia</i>
Semipalmated Sandpiper			10						<i>Calidris pusilla</i>
Least Sandpiper			c						<i>Calidris minutilla</i>
Dowitcher sp			11	sp					<i>Limnodromus sp</i>
Common Snipe			2						<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>
Gulls and Allies					LARIDAE				
Laughing Gull	fc								<i>Larus atricilla</i>
Royal Tern	20								<i>Sterna maxima</i>
Pigeons					COLUMBIDAE				
White-crowned Pigeon	u		8						<i>Columba leucocephala</i>
Ring-tailed Pigeon		6+	1						<i>Columba caribaea</i>
White-winged Dove			10		u				<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>
Zenaida Dove			8						<i>Zenaida aurita</i>
Mourning Dove			u		u				<i>Zenaida macroura</i>
Common Ground-Dove	u	u	u						<i>Columbina passerina</i>
Caribbean Dove		1	5						<i>Leptotila jamaicensis</i>
Crested Quail-Dove	1	1	2						<i>Geotrygon versicolor</i>

Evening found us walking the Woodside Drive (two miles south of the gap), where some were able to spot a Crested Quail-dove. We then drove to Section, and turned right to lodge at the Starlight Chalet & Health Spa on Silver Hill. Some of us were awakened by an earth tremor at 11:30, which was vigorous enough to shake a picture from the wall.

January 24. We began the day by returning to Woodside Drive, but efforts to re-connect with the Crested Quail-doves were for naught. The open areas about a mile from the highway proved to be a good place to get perched views of Ring-tailed Pigeon, and the roadside forest held Jamaican Lizard-Cuckoo and Jamaican Woodpecker.

The balance of the morning was spent searching for Jamaican Blackbird at the Holywell Recreational Park. While the Waterfall Trail passed through good habitat, it yielded only a Jamaican Euphonia for RRZ's life list. Jerry experienced a brief encounter with an all-dark feathery flash which was certainly a candidate for the target.

The mid-day cloud bank had rolled into Hardwar Gap, and it was time to drive to Mandeville via Kingston. As we crept through the fog between Section and Hardwar gap, a Crested Quail-dove was caught between the van and the high curb, and flushed within feet of the windshield! We arrived at Marshall's Pen at dusk, with time to get into position for Robert Sutton to show us a Jamaican Owl that was possibly nesting in a tree near his 19th century house. After we were provided scope views of the owl, we were treated to great looks of a Northern Potoo, which may may prove to be (as suggested in the technical literature) a species distinct from the mainland form.



Mandeville and Marshall's Pen

January 25. Our wish list for Marshall's Pen included Jamaican Mango, Jamaican Becard, Jamaican Elaenia, and Yellow-shouldered Grassquit. A pair of becards were located a kilometer beyond the accomodation, and Yellow-shouldered Grassquits were also present in the same clearing, but weren't offering respectable views. Jamaican Mangos were occupying a flowering tree in a pasture beyond the horse pens.

We decided to spend the afternoon driving to the Black River Morass near Newton, in hopes of finding West Indian Whistling-duck. We reached the Black River at 3PM, and turned south, following the eastern bank until we eventually reached some wetlands and reedbeds. Although the area was good for shorebirds, waders, swallows and rails, there was very little waterfowl (other than Blue-winged Teal) and no whistling-ducks.

Nevertheless we ended the day with 90 species (19 species short of the ABA Big Day record for Jamaica).

January 26. Based on brief encounters the day before, Sherri had a location for the Jamaican Elaenia so we worked the site over and within an hour had reasonable views of this nondescript flycatcher. In the process we had more looks at Yellow-shouldered Grassquit, and had exhausted our need to remain at the comfortable accomodation at Marshall's Pen. So we said goodbye to Ann and Robert, and headed north. The plan was to skirt the Cockpit Country to the east by way of Ulster Springs. Late in the morning, just beyond Albert Town, Guy spotted parrots flying over the ridgetop and Jerry stopped the van. At that spot we had scope views of Yellow-billed Parrots and a few Jamaican Crows, and a mile or so later, just north of Ulster Spring, we were scoping Black-billed Parrots.

Accomodations
Marshall's Pen, Mandeville. Robert & Ann Sutton TELEPHONE: 962-2260 (Tours are done by appointment only) asutton@uwimona.edu.jm, or PO Box 58, Mandeville, Jamaica.

With little chance for seeing Jamaican Blackbird at Windsor Caves, we decided to review the options for departures from Montego Bay. The opportunity appeared for me to return to Victoria two days early, so I took it.

Sherri LaBar continues:

After seeing Mark off on his flight home, the rest of us drove out to Rockland's Feeding station on the outskirts of Montego Bay in the town of Anchovy. We passed through the area where a number of people are hand-feeding Streamertails and Mangos, instead opting to walk down a trail into the valley below the house.

We had been told that Jamaican Blackbird had been seen at the station twice in the past week, and so concentrated on that. We heard and saw very little on the trail. Upon returning, we met Fritz, the resident bird guide, who had finished up with an earlier group.

	1/23/2001	1/24/2001	1/25/2001	1/26/2001	
Grebes					PODICIPEDIDAE
Least Grebe		2	4	2	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>
Pied-billed Grebe			70		<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>
Pelicans and Allies					PELECANIDAE
Brown Pelican	8				<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>
Frigatebirds					FREGATIDAE
Magnificent Frigatebird	3				<i>Fregata magnificens</i>
Hérons					ARDEIDAE
Least Bittern			5s+h		<i>Ixobrychus exilis</i>
Great Egret	2	20	a		<i>Ardea alba</i>
Snowy Egret	5	u	a		<i>Egretta thula</i>
Little Blue Heron			20		<i>Egretta caerulea</i>
Tricolored Heron			20		<i>Egretta tricolor</i>
Cattle Egret	fc	c	a	x	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Green Heron			10		<i>Butorides virescens</i>
Black-crowned Night-Heron			100		<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
Ibises					THRESKIORNITHIDAE
White Ibis			2		<i>Eudocimus albus</i>
Glossy Ibis			50		<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
					CATHARTIDAE
Turkey Vulture	a	fc	c	x	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Ducks and Allies					ANATIDAE
Blue-winged Teal			c		<i>Anas discors</i>
Hawks and Allies					ACCIPITRIDAE
Osprey			3		<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
Broad-winged Hawk	1				<i>Buteo platypterus</i>
Red-tailed Hawk			1		<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>
Falcons					FALCONIDAE
American Kestrel	c	5	10		<i>Falco sparverius</i>

The Bird List

Codes used in the Trip List

f.....female
 h..... Heard Only
 L..... Leader only
 m..... male
 s Seen
 sp not identifiable as to species
 x Quantities not estimated
 y young

Quantities

1-15.....# or u.....(uncommon)
 16-50.....fc(fairly common)
 51-150....c(common)
 151– up ..a(abundant)

Breeding Evidence

NB....Nest building by all except woodpeckers and wrens
 DD....Distraction display or injury feigning
 UN....Used nests or eggshells found
 FYAdult carrying food for young
 FL.....Recently fledged young or downy young
 ON ...Occupied nest
 FSAdults carrying a fecal sac
 NE....Nest with eggs
 NY....Nest with young

He walked with us back to the house, where we spent another half hour watching what was coming in to the feeding area. All of us were able to have the unique experience of holding one of the hummingbirds on our finger while it fed from a sugar water bottle.

Birds seen at Rockland's included Zenaida Dove, Common Ground-Dove, Caribbean Dove, Crested Quail-Dove (heard), Jamaican Mango, Red-billed Streamertail, Vervain Hummingbird, Jamaican Tody, Jamaican Woodpecker, Stolid Flycatcher (heard), Rufous-tailed Flycatcher, Loggerhead Kingbird, White-chinned Thrush, Black-throated Blue Warbler, Am. Redstart, Stripe-headed Tanager, Jamaican Euphonia, Yellow- and Black-faced Grassquit, Greater Antillean Bullfinch, Bananaquit, Jamaican Oriole, and Greater Antillean Grackle.

27 January 2001

Our flights back to the states were in the early afternoon, so we decided to visit Orange River Ranch, a hotel on the site of a 1,000 acre plantation. Two participants who spent a layover day there earlier in the trip reported good results, and we thought this would make the best use of our last morning. When we got to the hotel, we met a tour guide from the states who was scouting the location for his group, which was due to arrive later in the day. He had a productive early-morning walk and was able to point us in the direction of a couple of birds for which better views were desired.

One of the few birds still outstanding for us is Stolid Flycatcher, which had only been heard until now. We walked up the road above the Great House to a spot where it had been heard previously. It was calling, and responded immediately to tape playback. We also made a concerted effort to find Ruddy Quail-dove, which Gerry still needed, but we were unsuccessful. We finally gave up and went back to the dining hall to relax with cold drinks until it was time to return to Montego Bay for our international departures.

Other highlights from the walk included White-crowned Pigeon, Caribbean Dove, Jamaican Parakeet, Yellow-billed Parrot, Jamaican Tody, Jamaican Woodpecker, Sad Flycatcher, Rufous-tailed Flycatcher, Jamaican Crow, Jamaican Vireo, White-chinned Thrush, Jamaican Euphonia, Yellow-faced Grassquit, Black-faced Grassquit, Orangequit, Jamaican Oriole, Greater Antillean Bullfinch, and Jamaican Oriole.

References

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2. Raffaele, H. Wiley, J. Garrido, O. Keith, A. Raffaele, J. A Guide to the Birds of the West Indies. Princeton University Press. 1998.

Further Reading

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 Wauer, R. A Birder's West Indies. University of Texas Press. 1996.

Multi-Island Jamaican Endemics

Caribbean Dove	<i>Leptotila jamaicensis</i>
Antillean Palm-Swift	<i>Tachornis phoenicobia</i>
Vervain Hummingbird	<i>Mellisuga minima</i>
Greater Antillean Elaenia	<i>Elaenia fallax</i>
Stolid Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus stolidus</i>
Golden Swallow	<i>Tachycineta euchrysea</i>
-Rufous-throated Solitaire	<i>Myadestes genibarbis genibarbis</i>
Bahama Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gundlachii</i>
Greater Antillean Bullfinch	<i>Loxigilla violacea</i>

Widespread Caribbean Endemics in Jamaica

West Indian Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna arborea</i>
Caribbean Coot	<i>Fulica caribaea</i>
Scaly-naped Pigeon	<i>Columba squamosa</i>
White-crowned Pigeon	<i>Columba leucocephala</i>
Plain Pigeon	<i>Columba inornata</i>
Zenaida Dove	<i>Zenaida aurita</i>
Antillean Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles gundlachii</i>
Gray Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus dominicensis</i>
Loggerhead Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus caudifasciatus</i>
Black-whiskered Vireo	<i>Vireo altiloquus</i>
Caribbean Martin	<i>Progne dominicensis</i>
Black-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris bicolor</i>
Greater Antillean Grackle	<i>Quiscalus niger</i>
Greater Antillean Oriole	<i>Icterus dominicensis</i>

Single-Island Jamaican Endemics

Ring-tailed Pigeon	<i>Columba caribaea</i>
Crested Quail-Dove	<i>Geotrygon versicolor</i>
-Jamaican Parakeet	<i>Aratinga nana nana</i>
Yellow-billed Parrot	<i>Amazona collaria</i>
Black-billed Parrot	<i>Amazona agilis</i>
Jamaican Lizard-Cuckoo	<i>Saurothera vetula</i>
Chestnut-bellied Cuckoo	<i>Hyetornis pluvialis</i>
Jamaican Owl	<i>Pseudoscops grammicus</i>
Jamaican Poorwill	<i>Siphonorhis americanus</i>
Jamaican Mango	<i>Anthracothorax mango</i>
-Red-billed Streamertail	<i>Trochilus polytmus polytmus</i>
Black-billed Streamertail	<i>Trochilus scitulus</i>
Jamaican Tody	<i>Todus todus</i>
Jamaican Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes radiolatus</i>
Jamaican Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis cotta</i>
Jamaican Pewee	<i>Contopus pallidus</i>
Sad Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus barbirostris</i>
Rufous-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus validus</i>
Jamaican Becard	<i>Pachyramphus niger</i>
Jamaican Vireo	<i>Vireo modestus</i>
Blue Mountain Vireo	<i>Vireo osburni</i>
Jamaican Crow	<i>Corvus jamaicensis</i>
White-eyed Thrush	<i>Turdus jamaicensis</i>
White-chinned Thrush	<i>Turdus aurantius</i>
Arrowhead Warbler	<i>Dendroica pharetra</i>
Jamaican Spindalis	<i>Spindalis nigricephala</i>
Jamaican Euphonia	<i>Euphonia jamaica</i>
Yellow-shouldered Grassquit	<i>Loxipasser anoxanthus</i>
Orangequit	<i>Euneornis campestris</i>
Jamaican Blackbird	<i>Nesopsar nigerrimus</i>
Jamaican Oriole	<i>Icterus leucopteryx</i>